

CHAPTER TWELVE TEST

I. Vocabulary Matching (5 points each = 50 points)

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|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| A. Type | D. Hominization | G. <i>Yar</i> | J. Sacrifice |
| B. <i>Imago Christi</i> | E. <i>Zoē</i> | H. Antitype | |
| C. <i>Bios</i> | F. Eucharist | I. <i>Incurvatus in se</i> | |

- _____ 1. Greek for “life unqualified or restricted by biology”; in Christian theology, eternal life, which is offered to all who believe in and love God and who live in communion with Christ and his Body. (p. 291)
- _____ 2. “Image of Christ”; completion of human imaging of God by virtue of reason and will is to be transformed by grace into a representation of Christ’s love. (p. 287)
- _____ 3. Person, event, or place that is everything that something previous was or is but in a new and greater way. (p. 284)
- _____ 4. Description of sin by St. Augustine: to be “caved in on oneself.” (p. 292)
- _____ 5. Ritual, sacramental action of thanksgiving to God which constitutes the principal Christian liturgical celebration of and communion in the Paschal Mystery of Christ. In this ritual, we are assimilated into the Body of Christ. (p. 293)
- _____ 6. Hebrew for “behold,” signaling the completion of a creature or of a divine work in the First Creation Account. (p. 281)
- _____ 7. Greek for “biological life.” (p. 291)
- _____ 8. Offering made to the divine as a sign of adoration, thanksgiving, supplication, and communion. For St. Augustine and Catholic theology, “act done for the purpose of clinging to God in a holy fellowship . . . directed to that final Good which makes possible our true happiness.” (p. 287)
- _____ 9. Quality of becoming human. The Incarnation is seen as the completion of this process. (p. 285)
- _____ 10. Person, event, or place that prefigures a new and greater reality. (p. 284)

II. Short Answer (5 points each = 30 points)

Answer these questions in 2–3 sentences.

11. What does the fact that Christ was involved in our creation tell us about the destiny of humankind?

12. How do the baptism and Death of Christ complete the work of creation?

13. What does it mean to say that Christ is the “last Adam”?

14. How is martyrdom a means to become “fully human”?

15. What does it mean to say that the Resurrection is the final stage of human evolution?

16. How is Eucharistic Adoration similar to the work of scientists in their research?

III. Essay (20 points)

Answer the following in 2-3 paragraphs.

17. What are some ways in which reflecting on our modern scientific understanding can help us better understand the Resurrection of Christ and its implications?